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OMB Number: October 31, 2004 Expires:

Estimated average burden hours per response..... 12.00

> SEC FILE NUMBER 66204

### **ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III**

### FACING PAGE Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING_	January 1, 2008	AND ENDING		r 31, 2008
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/Y	Y
A. REG	ISTRANT IDENTIFIC	ATION		<del></del>
	Securities, LLC	. Ses		L USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSI	NESS: (Do not use P.O. Bo	x No.) Nail Processif Section	FIRM	I.D. NO.
1527 Via Tulipan		inn afrain		
	(No and Street)	FEIT Z 5 ZOO		•
San Clemente,	Californ	iia Weshington, D	926	523
(City)	(State)			
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PE Chris Petruzzi	RSON TO CONTACT IN R	EGARD TO THIS RE	EPORT (949) 661	-1310
			(Area Code T	elephone Number)
B. ACCO	DUNTANT IDENTIFIC	CATION	<u> </u>	
NDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT we Breard & Associates, Inc. Certified		this Report*		
	Name - if individual, state last, fit	rst, middle name)		<del></del>
9221 Corbin Avenue, Suite 170	Northri	ige	CA	9132
(Address)	(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:			PRO	CESSED
Certified Public Accountant			MAR	1 3 2009
☐ Public Accountant				
☐ Accountant not resident in Unite	ed States or any of its posse	ssions.	THOWS	SON REUTE
	FOR OFFICIAL USE OF	VLY		
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SEC 1410 (06-02)

<sup>\*</sup>Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

### OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Chris Petruzzi	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement Petruzzi Securities, LLC	t and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
of December 31, 2008	, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) the
neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal office	cer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:	
. , '	
State of	$\mathcal{O}_{\mathcal{O}}$
County of ORANGE	
Subscribed and sworn (or affirmed) to before me this	
day of TANUARY 1009 by	Signature 1
personally known to me or broved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to	$(\mathcal{E}_{\mathcal{O}})$
be the person(s) who appeared before me.	
be the person(s) who appeared before me.	Title
Bue HH	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Notary Public	PAUL H. HENRY L
·	COMM. #1555630
This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):	NOTARY PUBLIC - CALIFORNIA ORANGE COUNTY
(a) Facing Page.	My Comm Expires February 27, 2009
(b) Statement of Financial Condition.  (c) Statement of Income (Loss)	· Lancascata Lancasca
(d) Statement of Changes in Cash Flows	· . · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
(e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partn	iers' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Changes	laims of Creditors.
(g) Computation of Net Capital.	
(h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requireme	
<ul> <li>i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Req</li> <li>i) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of</li> </ul>	the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-3 and
Computation for Determination of the Reserve Require	
☐ (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited S	tatements of Financial Condition with respect to methods
consolidation.	
(I) An Oath or Affirmation.	
(i) An oath of Arthmation.  (ii) An oath of Arthmation.  (iii) An oath of Arthmation.	,

<sup>\*\*</sup>For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

Petruzzi Securities, LLC

Report Pursuant to Rule 17a-5 (d)

**Financial Statements** 

For the Year Ended December 31, 2008



### Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Petruzzi Securities, LLC:

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Petruzzi Securities, LLC (the Company) as of December 31, 2008, and the related statements of operations, changes in member's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Petruzzi Securities, LLC as of December 31, 2008, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 6 to the financial statements, the Company ceased trading activities which raises substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans in regard to these matters are also described in Note 6. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained on Schedule I is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not required as part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Breard & Associates, Inc.

Certified Public Accountants

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Northridge, California February 23, 2009

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### Petruzzi Securities, LLC Statement of Financial Condition December 31, 2008

### Assets

Cash and cash equivalents Deposits held at clearing organization Proprietary trading account	\$ 	55,289 500,000 195,169
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	750,458
Liabilities and Member's Equity		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Income taxes payable	<b>\$</b>	1,602 3,843
Total liabilities		5,445
Member's equity	_	745,013
Total liabilities and member's equity	<u>\$</u>	750,458

## Petruzzi Securities, LLC Statement of Operations For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

### Revenues

Rebate income	\$ 1,160,599
Net dealer inventory and investment gains (losses)	(1,675,568)
Other income	23,145
Total revenues	(491,824)
Expenses	
Commissions, trading fees and floor brokerage	77,678
Professional fees	36,870
Interest expense	2,788
Other operating expenses	407,441
Total expenses	524,777
Net income (loss) before income tax provision	(1,016,601)
Income tax provision	800
Net income (loss)	<u>\$ (1,017,401)</u>

### . Petruzzi Securities, LLC Statement of Changes in Member's Equity For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

	Member's <u>Equity</u>
Balance at December 31, 2007	\$ 1,762,414
Net income (loss)	(1,017,401)
Balance at December 31, 2008	<u>\$ 745,013</u>

## Petruzzi Securities, LLC Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

### Cash flows from operating activities:

Net income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	y		\$ (1,017,401)
(Increase) decrease in:			
Proprietary trading account	\$	338,846	
Accounts receivable		315,272	
(Decrease) increase in:			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		1,602	
Payable to clearing firm		(43,432)	
Income taxes payable		543	
Total adjustments			(612,831)
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by (used in) ope	ratin	ig activitie	s (404,570)
Cash flows from investing activities:			-
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivale	nts		(404,570)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year			459,859
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year			\$ 55,289
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information: Cash paid during the year for:			
Interest	\$	2,788	
Income taxes	\$	800	
moome taxes	Ψ	000	

### Note 1: GENERAL AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### General

Petruzzi Securities, LLC (the "Company"), was organized in the state of California on October 10, 2003, as a Limited Liability Company. The Company is a registered broker/dealer in securities under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"). The Company was approved as a member of the Chicago Stock Exchange in November 2003 and became a participant member of the National Securities Clearing Corporation ("NSCC") and the Depository Trust Company ("DTC") in October 2004. The Company is a self-clearing broker/dealer.

The Company trades for its own proprietary account and generally does not carry positions. The Company engages in trades with other broker/dealers using various Electronic Communication Networks ("ECN's") and may receive commission rebates as a liquidity provider based on trading volume.

The Company's revenue comes principally from trading on one ECN. The loss of the ECN would significantly impact the Company's revenue, however the Company does not believe the risk of such loss to be significant.

In October of 2005, the Company changed ownership and is now a wholly owned subsidiary of Smart Execution, LLC (the "Parent").

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

For purposes relating to the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. The Company also includes money market accounts as cash equivalents.

Securities transactions are recorded on a trade date basis with related income and expenses also recorded on a trade date basis.

### Note 1: GENERAL AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The Company is treated as a disregarded entity for federal income tax purposes, in accordance with single member limited liability company rules. All tax effects of the Company's income or loss are passed through to the member. Therefore no federal tax provision has been provided. However the Company is subject to a gross receipts fee in California in addition to the minimum California tax.

### Note 2: DEPOSITS HELD AT CLEARING FIRM

The Company has deposited \$500,000 with the National Securities Clearing Corporation, as required by the DTC, as security for its transactions with them. Interest is paid monthly on the deposit at the average overnight repurchase agreement rate.

### **Note 3: INCOME TAXES**

As discussed in the Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Note 1), The Company is subject to a limited liability company gross receipts fee, with a minimum provision of \$800. At December 31, 2008, the Company recorded the minimum limited liability company franchise tax of \$800.

### Note 4: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company has an agreement with its Parent, whereby the Parent provides the Company access to its proprietary technology. The technology fee for the year ended December 31, 2008, was \$375,000, included in other operating expenses.

### Note 5: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

### Contingencies

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The Company maintains several bank accounts at financial institutions. These accounts are insured either by the Federal Deposit Insurance Commission ("FDIC"), up to \$100,000, or the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC"), up to \$500,000. Effective October 3, 2008, the FDIC insurance limit was increased to \$250,000. This new limit is applicable through December 31, 2009.

At times during the year ended December 31, 2008, cash balances held in financial institutions were in excess of the FDIC and SIPC's insured limits. The Company has not experienced any losses in these accounts and management believes that it has placed its cash on deposit with financial institutions which are financially stable.

### Note 6: GOING CONCERN

The Company voluntarily suspended its trading privileges with NSCC in October of 2008 and had not resumed trading as of December 31, 2008.

The Company is currently investigating entering into the sale to other organizations. Should the Company not consummate any of these engagements and remain stagnant in its securities business, it is doubtful that the Company could continue as a going concern. Management plans to continue to fund the operations of the Company in the short run.

### Note 7: RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

For the year ending December 31, 2008, various accounting pronouncements or interpretations by the Financial Accounting Standards Board were either newly issued or had effective implementation dates that would require their provisions to be reflected in the financial statements for the year then ended. The Company has reviewed the following Financial Interpretation ("FIN") and Statements of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") for the year to determine relevance to the Company's operations:

<u>Statement</u> <u>Number</u>	<u>Title</u>	Effective Date
FIN 48	Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes – an Interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109	After 12/15/07
SFAS 141(R)	Business Combinations	After 12/15/08
SFAS 157	Fair Value Measurements	After 12/15/07
SFAS 160	Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements – an amendment of ARB No. 51	After 12/15/07
SFAS 161	Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities – an Amendment of FASB Statement No. 133	After 12/15/08

The Company has either evaluated or is currently evaluating the implications, if any, of each of these pronouncements and the possible impact they may have on the Company's financial statements. In most cases, management has determined that the pronouncement has either limited or no application to the company and, in all cases, implementation would not have a material impact on the financial statements taken as a whole.

### Note 8: NET CAPITAL

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. Net capital and aggregate indebtedness change day to day, but on December 31, 2008, the Company had net capital of \$744,858, which was \$644,858 in excess of its required net capital of \$100,000; and the Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness (\$5,445) to net capital was 0.01 to 1, which is less than the 15 to 1 maximum ratio allowed for a broker/dealer.

Because the Company is a member of the DTC, it has its own net capital requirements. One such requirement is the maintenance of a \$500,000 cash balance. At December 31, 2008, the deposit balance was \$500,000. Also, the Company is a member of the Commodity Futures Trading Commission ("CFTC") which requires a minimum net capital of \$250,000.

### Note 9: RECONCILIATION OF AUDITED NET CAPITAL TO UNAUDITED FOCUS

There is a \$257 difference between the computation of net capital under net capital SEC Rule 15c3-1 and the corresponding unaudited FOCUS part IIA.

Net capital per unaudited schedule		\$	744,601
Adjustments:  Member's equity	\$ 257		
Total adjustments			257
Net capital per audited statements		<u>\$</u>	744,858

# Petruzzi Securities, LLC Schedule I - Computation of Net Capital Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 As of December 31, 2008

### Computation of net capital

Member's equity			\$	745,013
Less: Haircuts and undue concentration Haircuts on money market	<u>\$</u>	(155)		
Total adjustments			_	(155)
Net capital				744,858
Computation of net capital requirements				
Minimum net capital requirements 6 % percent of net aggregate indebtedness	\$	363		
Minimum dollar net capital required	\$	100,000		
Net capital required (greater of above)				100,000
Excess net capital			<u>\$</u>	644,858
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital		0.01:	1	

There was a difference of \$257 between net capital shown here and net capital as reported on the Company's unaudited Form X-17A-5 report dated December 31, 2008. See Note 9.

Petruzzi Securities, LLC
Supplementary Accountant's Report

on Internal Accounting Control

Report Pursuant to 17a-5

For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

Board of Directors Petruzzi Securities, LLC:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Petruzzi Securities, LLC (the Company), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2008, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgements by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

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Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2008, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority., and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Breard & Associates, Inc.

Certified Public Accountants

Northridge, California February 23, 2009

